## Mutually Exclusive \& Independent Events <br> www.mathsprint.co.uk

1: Are the following events mutually exclusive? Answer 'True' or 'False' and give a reason.
a) Die A lands on a six; die B lands on a four.
b) A randomly-selected playing card is a Heart; the same card is a red card.
c) A coin lands Heads up; a coin lands Tails up.
d) You have a cat; you have a goldfish.
e) The first ball you pick from a bag is green; the first ball you pick from a bag is red.
f) A die lands on an even number; a die lands on a prime number.

2: Two events, $A$ and $B$, occur with probability $p(A)$ and $p(B)$ respectively.
a) If $p(A)=0.07, p(B)=0.1$ and $p(A$ or $B)=0.13$, are $A$ and $B$ mutually exclusive?
b) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=0.17, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=0.42$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ or B$)=0.59$, are A and B mutually exclusive?
c) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=\frac{23}{40}, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{1}{8}$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ or B$)=\frac{7}{10}$, are A and B mutually exclusive?
d) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=\frac{1}{3}, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{1}{6}$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ or B$)=0$, are A and B mutually exclusive?
e) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=0.05, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=0.08$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ or B$)=0.0040$, are A and B mutually exclusive?
f) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=0.13, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=0.07$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ or B$)=0.20$, are A and B mutually exclusive?

3: Are the following events independent? Answer 'True' or 'False' and give a reason.
a) Die A lands on a six; die B lands on a six.
b) It rains today; a coin lands Tails up.
c) You pick a green ball from a bag (and don't replace it); you pick a green ball from the same bag.
d) The first baby born today is a girl; the last baby born today is a girl.
e) The first card dealt from a pack of cards is a Heart; the second card dealt is a Heart.
f) The first egg in a box is broken; the second egg in a box is broken.

4: Two events, $A$ and $B$, occur with probability $p(A)$ and $p(B)$ respectively.
a) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=\frac{1}{12}, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{1}{4}$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)=\frac{1}{3}$, are A and B independent?
b) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=\frac{4}{5}, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{1}{20}$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)=\frac{1}{25}$, are A and B independent?
c) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=\frac{1}{2}, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{3}{10}$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)=\frac{4}{5}$, are A and B independent?
d) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=0.17, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=0.06$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)=0.0102$, are A and B independent?
e) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=0.11, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=0.15$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)=0.26$, are A and B independent?
f) If $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A})=\frac{19}{30}, \mathrm{p}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{3}{10}$ and $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{A}$ and B$)=\frac{19}{100}$, are A and B independent?

